2018 Team Improv Game Descriptions and Prompts

Hitchhiker
- Judge announces the game will be Hitchhiker and selects the initial performers.
- They set four chairs in a “car” formation.
- Three students take their seats in the chairs, leaving the “passenger seat” of the car open.
- The judge now tells the performers where the family is headed (destinations will be provided by the IESA)
- The fourth participant now thumbs a ride, and the family picks him up.
- This fourth participant has some sort of strange quirk, and gradually each family member in the car is infected with this “quirk”.
- After some time, the judge shouts, “Hitchhiker!” and one member of the family jumps out of the car. The other three switch positions to become the new family and another hitchhiker presents himself with another quirk. This new family is heading to the same destination.
- All team members participate—each time a new hitchhiker is “picked up” a new member will join and other members will sit out.
- Judge should continue game until all team members have had a chance to participate.
- What to look for: complete commitment of all team members to each quirk, a focus of the action by all group members, creativity in inventing the quirks

Freeze/Switch
- Judge announces the game will be Freeze/Switch and selects the initial performers.
- Two students stand in front of the judge.
- The judge gives them an opening line and they begin acting, similar to duet improv.
- After some time, the judge says, “Freeze!” (Only say, “Stop!” to totally stop the game.)
- Upon hearing the word “Freeze” the acting students freeze their position.
- Two other students then tap the frozen students and assume the body positions of those first students.
- These new students now begin a totally new Improv based on the physical positions.
- This procedure can be repeated several times at the discretion of the judge, but should go long enough to allow all team members to participate.
- When the game is totally over, the judge says, “Stop!”
- What to look for: Creativity in taking the scene to a whole new place by adopting the previous body positions.

Line Talk
- Judge announces that the game will be Line Talk.
- All members of the group stand before the judge in a line from front to back facing the audience. Each student stands behind another with the first student facing the audience.
- The judge will give the opening line and the first student in line repeats this line and continues speaking until the judge says "Switch!" at which time the speaking student will go to the back of the line and the next student continues speaking, picking up where the preceding student left off.
- The effect should be that of a single speaker.
- The judge will end the game with "Stop!".
- What to look for: No hesitation as the story is continued, fresh ideas, the ability to move the scene along without being repetitive.
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Movie Critics

- The judge announces that the game will be Movie Critics and selects the initial performers.
- Two actors are given the title of an imaginary movie. This is the only title they are given for this game.
- The two actors become “movie critics.” They talk about the film in a “Siskel and Ebert” kind of way.
- At various points, they “play” a clip from the movie by saying something like, “Let’s see that scene now.”
- At that point, all other team members act out the clip the critics have described.
- At the end of the “clip,” the critics take over and begin describing another scene, which is once again acted out.
- This is repeated until the judge says, “Stop!” The judge should let this go for 2 or 3 minutes.
- The movie title will be provided by the IESA.
- What to look for: the ability of the two critics to take charge of the game, the spontaneity of the other actors who are portraying the movie scenes.

Invention

- The judge announces that the game will be Invention with the judge choosing 4 contestants.
- The actors will be given an invention.
- The four actors will depict a scene regarding how the object was invented.
  Example #1: The judge might call “The Invention of the toothbrush.” One actor becomes a caveman dentist with an assistant. A third caveperson enters moaning and groaning with a toothache. The dentist asks how the moaner cleans his teeth. The moaner says he uses a rock. The final patient moans and groans and we find that he/she uses a tree branch. Bad idea. The dentist then plucks a few hairs from his pet saber tooth tiger, squeezes them together and says, “Here! Me call it ‘Toothbrush!’” Ideally the judge will let the scene go until the object is actually invented, but if time is a problem then the scene may be stopped at any time.
  Example #2: The invention of Ketchup. Columbus and crew are sailing across the Atlantic Ocean and they’ve been eating fish for 30 days straight, getting very tired of it. They try various things on their fish sandwiches to improve the taste. . . salt water, whiskey, parrot feathers. All are yucky. Then a crew member accidentally steps on a tomato and the juice squirts out onto another seaman’s fish sandwich. “Avast! This be mighty tasty! Let’s call it Ketchup!”
- The performers will continue until the judge says, “Stop!” The game may be repeated with a new prompt.
- The invention will be provided by the IESA.
- What to look for: the ability of the actors to take charge of the game, the spontaneity of the actors, there are many interpretations of the portrayal of the "invention".
- Coaches: Invention prompts provided may be real or imagined. Performers should be ready for either possibility.
- Actors should:
  a. Identify the need.
  b. Act out its creation.